Do Irrelevant Events Affect Voters' Decisions? Evidence from the Field (Online Appendix)

Table A1: Balance Tests

	Entire Sample	Win Before Election	Loss Before Election	Difference [t-statistic]
Incumbent's previous vote percentage	55.32	55.47	55.17	0.30
	(11.60)	(11.44)	(11.76)	[0.58]
President	0.36	0.36	0.35	0.01
	(0.48)	(0.48)	(0.48)	[0.29]
Governor	0.30	0.30	0.29	0.01
	(0.46)	(0.46)	(0.46)	[0.43]
Percent black in the county	11.20	10.81	11.61	-0.80
	(10.74)	(10.20)	(11.28)	[-0.82]
Percent high school graduates	1.08	1.04	1.12	-0.07
	(0.69)	(0.70)	(0.68)	[-1.11]
Farms per capita	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.00
	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	[-0.97]
Unemployment rate	4.65	4.70	4.60	0.10
	(1.97)	(1.98)	(1.97)	[0.51]
Per-capita income	2.64	2.63	2.65	-0.02
	(0.55)	(0.52)	(0.58)	[-0.36]
Log Population	12.37	12.38	12.36	0.01
	(1.17)	(1.07)	(1.26)	[0.11]
N	1786	912	874	

Notes: The first three columns report means and standard deviations (in parentheses). The last column shows the difference in means by win/loss status and reports the t-statistic (in bracket) for the null hypothesis of equality in means, correcting for clustering at the county level.

Table A2: Randomization Checks

	Week of Election		One Week Before	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Incumbent's previous vote percentage	.001	.001	.001	.0004
	(.001)	(.001)	(.001)	(.001)
President	.024	.02	.005	01
	(.02)	(.02)	(.02)	(.02)
Governor	.022	.02	.015	.008
	(.02)	(.02)	(.02)	(.01)
Percent black in the county	004*	.004	.00004	002
	(.003)	(.01)	(.003)	(.01)
Percent high school graduates	053	.055	049	.03
	(.04)	(.07)	(.04)	(.06)
Farms per capita	-6.41	.275	892	5.43
	(4.44)	(7.34)	(5.09)	(6.2)
Unemployment rate	.0002	012	.004	.011
	(.01)	(.03)	(.01)	(.02)
Per-capita income	005	041	.053	045
	(.05)	(.16)	(.05)	(.17)
Log Population	019	01	011	062
	(.03)	(.20)	(.03)	(.19)
Constant	.85**	1.08	.514	1.74
	(.38)	(2.28)	(.46)	(2.23)
Year fixed effects? County fixed effects?	N	Y	N	Y
	N	Y	N	Y
R-squared N	.012	.019	.006	.022
	1786	1786	1770	1770

Notes: *p<.10, **p<.05, ***p<.01 (two-tailed). Dependent variable is outcome of college football game (win=1). Regression standard errors, corrected for clustering at the county level, are in parentheses. Senator is the excluded category for the office.

Table A3: Heterogeneity by Office

Table A3. Helefogeneity	by Office	
	(1)	(2)
Total football team wins in two weeks	1.50***	1.36***
before the election	(.50)	(.51)
Incumbent's previous vote percentage	.43***	.50***
meanibenes previous vote percentage	(.06)	(.06)
Duna: Jane	2 42***	-2.83***
President	(.78)	
	, ,	` ,
Governor	-2.26**	
	(.92)	(.97)
Percent black in the county	004	05
·	(.04)	(.12)
Percent high school graduates	10	02
refeelt fiight school graduates	(.4)	(.7)
_	, ,	, ,
Farms per capita	73.69*	
	(44.77)	(87.93)
Unemployment rate	.05	.001
	(.11)	(.21)
Per-capita income	59	-2.75**
Ter cupitu income	(.64)	(1.39)
I D L	26	2.02
Log Population	.36	2.03
	(.27)	(2.2)
President x total football team wins	-1.10	69
	(1.04)	(.87)
Governor x total football team wins	83	85
	(1.08)	(1.08)
Year fixed effects?	N	Y
County fixed effects?	N	Y
R-squared	.194	.335
Notes: * n < 10 ** n < 05 *** n < 01 (two toiled	1632	1632

Notes: *p<.10, **p<.05, ***p<.01 (two-tailed). Dependent variable is vote for the incumbent party. Regression standard errors, corrected for clustering at the county level, are in parentheses. Senator is the excluded category for the office. Constant for the regression is not reported.

Table A4: The Effect of Football Game Outcomes by Office

	Gove	ernor	Senate		President	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Football team win before the election	1.53**	1.14	1.41**	1.69***	.70	.94**
	(.63)	(.84)	(.59)	(.62)	(.47)	(.40)
Incumbent's previous vote percentage	.45***	.41***	.50***	.46***	.33***	.57***
	(.07)	(.08)	(.06)	(.06)	(.07)	(.10)
Percent black in the county	.08**	32**	01	.40***	07**	26
	(.04)	(.15)	(.08)	(.13)	(.03)	(.24)
Percent high school graduates	1.06	3.96**	.25	-3.27*	-1.56***	18
	(.68)	(1.62)	(.86)	(1.80)	(.49)	(.67)
Farms per capita	108.57*	461.06**	90.12	-216.36	58.13	126.24
	(59.98)	(182.47)	(118.23)	(255.17)	(52.95)	(144.63)
Unemployment rate	01	88	.15	.24	004	.75**
	(.21)	(.55)	(.23)	(.49)	(.13)	(.31)
Per-capita income	94	-2.13	-1.83	-3.86	1.29	.22
	(.91)	(3.23)	(1.32)	(3.23)	(1.03)	(1.48)
Log Population	.26	.32	.69	5.56	.15	.55
	(.52)	(4.62)	(.56)	(5.40)	(.35)	(2.85)
Constant	22.61***	25.88	20.86**	-16.54	28.46***	2.75
	(7.78)	(50.62)	(9.32)	(61.35)	(6.07)	(38.23)
Year fixed effects? County fixed effects?	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y
	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y
R-squared N	.164	.220	.194	.238	.109	.608
	488	488	558	558	586	586

Notes: *p<.10, *** p<.05, **** p<.01 (two-tailed). Dependent variable is vote for the incumbent party. Regression standard errors, corrected for clustering at the county level, are in parentheses.

Table A5: Symmetric Effect of Victories and Losses

Tuble 110. Symmetre Effect of 110	(1)	
Two losses in the two games before the election	-2.36***	
One win and one loss in the two games before the election	82 (.75)	-1.03 (.75)
Incumbent's previous vote percentage		.50*** (.06)
President		-3.19*** (.76)
Governor	-2.66***	-3.48*** (.72)
Percent black in the county	003 (.04)	
Percent high school graduates	, ,	03 (.69)
Farms per capita	75.40 (44.82)	65.51
Unemployment rate	.06	.01 (.21)
Per-capita income	58	-2.75**
Log Population	.36	(1.37)
Constant	(.27) 28.79***	(2.21) 17.65 (28.17)
Year fixed effects? County fixed effects?	(5.78) N N	(28.17) Y Y
R-squared N	.194 1632	.335 1632

Notes: * p<.10, ** p<.05, *** p<.01 (two-tailed). Dependent variable is vote for the incumbent party. Regression standard errors, corrected for clustering at the county level, are in parentheses. Senator is the excluded category for the office. Constant for the regression is not reported.